## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

An organic light-emitting element comprising: at least a first electrode, an organic layer, a second electrode and a passivation layer, all formed on a substrate;

wherein a distance d from a light-emitting area in the organic layer to an air layer into which produced light enters satisfies an equation:

 $\mbox{d} \leq \lambda/4 \mbox{ ($\lambda$: center wavelength of emitted} \label{eq:light}$  light).

An organic light-emitting element comprising: an organic electroluminescent substrate having at least a first electrode, an organic layer and a second transparent electrode formed on a substrate;

a counter substrate; and

a light extraction layer between the organic electroluminescent substrate and the counter substrate.

An organic light-emitting element comprising: an organic electroluminescent substrate having at least a first electrode, an organic layer and a second transparent electrode formed on a substrate;

a counter substrate; and

a light extraction layer between the organic electroluminescent substrate and the counter substrate; wherein a total thickness d of a layer ranging from a light-emitting area in the organic layer to the second transparent electrode satisfies an equation:

 $d \le \lambda/4$  ( $\lambda$ : center wavelength of emitted

light).

4. An organic light-emitting element comprising:

an organic electroluminescent substrate

having at least a first electrode, an organic layer and
a second transparent electrode formed on a substrate;

a counter substrate; and

a light extraction layer and an auxiliary electrode for the second transparent electrode, both provided between the organic electroluminescent substrate and the counter substrate.

a counter substrate; and

a light extraction layer and an auxiliary electrode for the second transparent electrode, both provided between the organic electroluminescent substrate and the counter substrate;

wherein a total thickness d of a layer ranging from a light-emitting area in the organic layer to the second transparent electrode satisfies an equation:

 $\mbox{$d \leq \lambda/4$ ($\lambda$: center wavelength of emitted} \label{eq:light}$  light).

6. An organic light-emitting element according to claim 2, wherein a rib is provided between the organic electroluminescent substrate and the counter





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substrate to control a thickness of the light extraction layer.

- 7. An organic light-emitting element according to claim 6, wherein the thickness of the light extraction layer is 50  $\mu m$  or more.
- 8. An organic light-emitting element according to claim 6, wherein the rib is formed on the counter substrate.
- 9. An organic light-emitting element according to claim 8, wherein the rib is formed from glass or optically cured resin.
- 10. An organic light-emitting element according to claim 8, wherein the rib is formed on a sealed portion of the organic electroluminescent substrate and the counter substrate.
- 11. An organic light-emitting element according to claim 2, wherein color filters are formed between the organic electroluminescent substrate and the counter substrate.
- 12. An organic light-emitting element according to claim 11, wherein the color filters are formed on the counter substrate.
- 13. An organic light-emitting element according to claim 2, wherein a moisture absorbing layer is provided on the counter substrate.
- 14. An organic light-emitting element according to claim 2, wherein a moisture absorbing layer is provided around a portion sealing the organic

electroluminescent substrate and the counter substrate.

- 15. An organic light-emitting element according to claim 4, wherein the auxiliary electrode is formed between pixels.
- 16. An organic light-emitting element according to claim 4, wherein the auxiliary electrode is formed between pixels formed on the counter substrate.
- 17. An organic light-emitting element according to claim 4, wherein the auxiliary electrode is formed on the second transparent electrode.
- 18. An organic light-emitting element according to claim 17, wherein a bonding layer is provided to bring the second transparent electrode and the auxiliary electrode into ohmic contact with each other.
- 19. An organic light-emitting element according to claim 1, wherein the second electrode is formed from a very thin metal film with a high transmissivity.
- 20. An organic light-emitting display using the organic light-emitting element of claim 1.
- 21. An organic light-emitting display according to claim 20, wherein the organic light-emitting element corresponds to each of red, green and blue in each pixel.
- 22. An organic light-emitting display according to claim 20, wherein the second electrode of the organic light-emitting element is formed from a very thin metal film with a high transmissivity.

23. A mobile phone using the organic lightemitting display of claim 20 in a display portion.